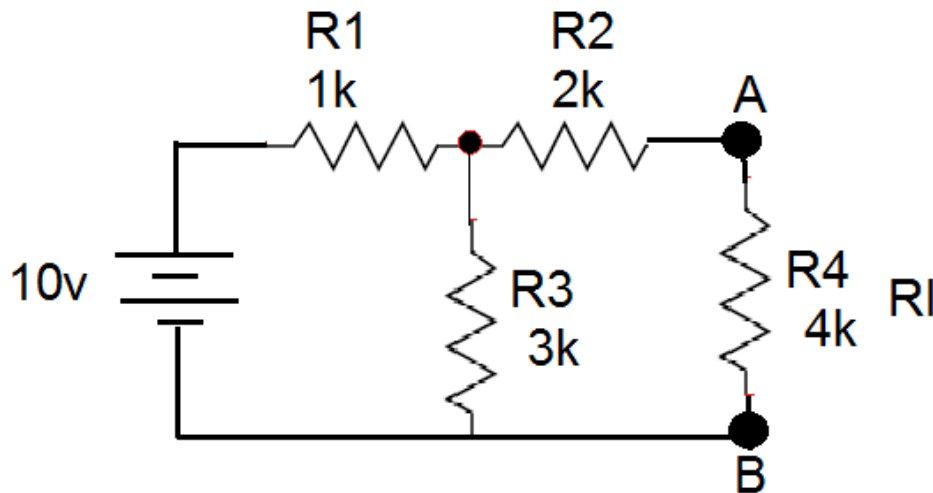




Basic Electricity – Unit 18: Thevenin's Theorem

Lab 1

1. Find values using Thevenin's Method. Find V_{TH} , R_{TH} and the load current flowing through and load voltage across the load resistor
2. Set up the circuit and measure.



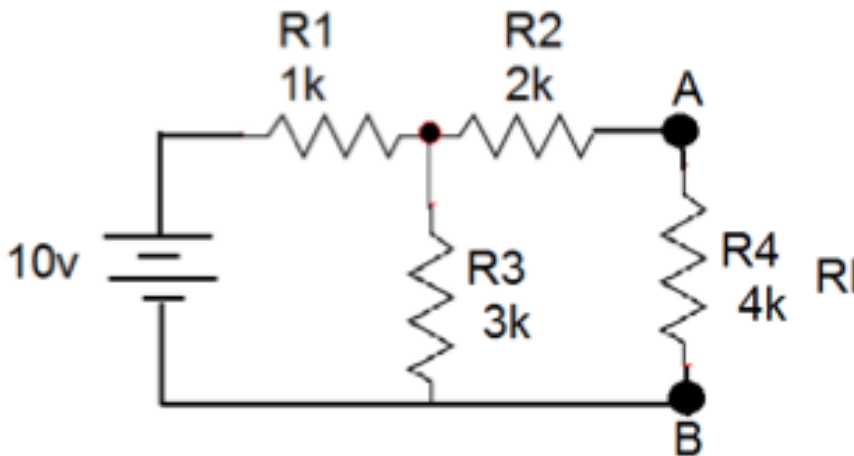


Basic Electricity – Unit 18: Thevenin's Theorem

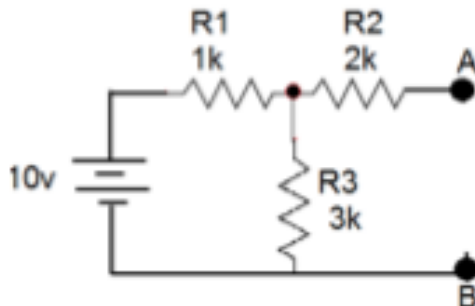
Lab 1

Solutions:

Find values using Thevenin's Method. Find V_{TH} , R_{TH} and the load current flowing through and load voltage across the load resistor Thevenin's Theorem.



1. Open the 4k Ω load resistor



2. Calculate / measure the Open Circuit Voltage. This is the Thevenin Voltage (V_{TH}).
3. The load has been removed. The circuit became an open circuit as shown.
4. Now we have to calculate the Thevenin's Voltage. Since 2.5mA of current flows in both the 1k Ω and the 3k Ω resistors. This is so since this is a series circuit because current will not flow in the 2k Ω resistor as it is open.

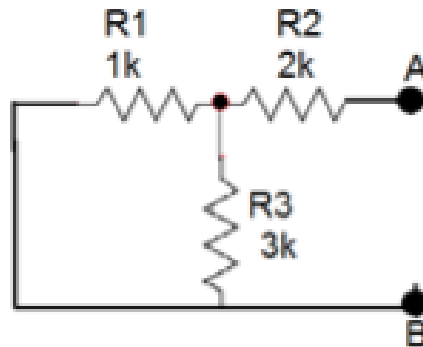




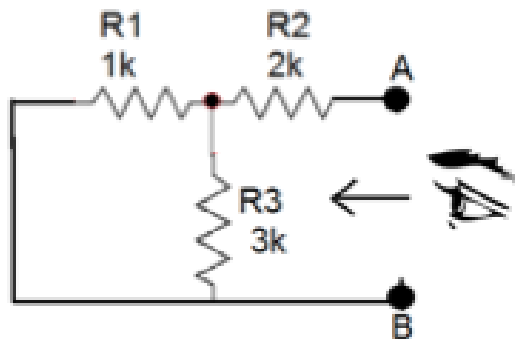
Basic Electricity – Unit 18: Thevenin's Theorem

Lab 1

5. So 7.5V ($2.5\text{mA} \times 3\text{k}\Omega$) will appear across the $3\text{k}\Omega$ resistor.
6. Current is not flowing through the $2\text{k}\Omega$ resistor as it is open circuit, but the $2\text{k}\Omega$ resistor is in parallel with 3k resistor.
7. The same voltage (i.e. 7.5V) will appear across the $2\text{k}\Omega$ resistor as $3\text{k}\Omega$ resistor. Therefore 7.5V will appear across the AB terminals. So, $V_{TH} = 7.5\text{V}$
8. Open Current Sources and Short Voltage Sources.



9. Calculate /measure the Open Circuit Resistance. This is the Thevenin Resistance (R_{TH})
10. The 10V DC source has been reduced to zero.
11. $R_{TH} = 2\text{k}\Omega + [(1\text{k}\Omega \times 3\text{k}\Omega) / (1\text{k}\Omega + 3\text{k}\Omega)]$
 $R_{TH} = 2\text{k}\Omega + 750\text{k}\Omega$
 $R_{TH} = 2750\Omega$

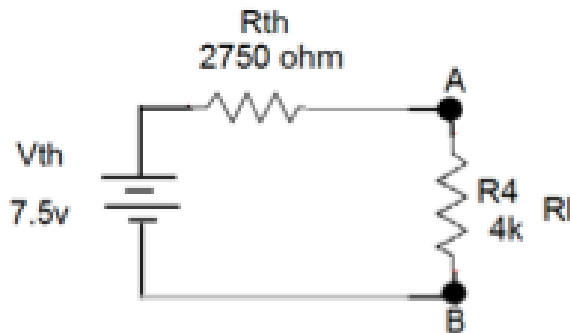


12. Connect the R_{TH} in series with Voltage Source V_{TH} and re-connect the load resistor.



Basic Electricity – Unit 18: Thevenin's Theorem

Lab 1



13. Calculate the total load current & load voltage.

$$I_L = V_{TH} / (R_{TH} + R_L)$$
$$= 7.5V / (2750\Omega + 4k\Omega) \rightarrow = 7.5V/6750\Omega$$
$$I_L = 1.111 \text{ mA}$$

And

$$V_L = I_L \times R_L$$
$$V_L = 1.111 \text{ mA} \times 4k\Omega$$
$$V_L = 4.444V$$



Basic Electricity – Unit 18: Thevenin’s Theorem

Lab 1

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